

2013

HISTORY**Paper : IV**

Full Marks : 90

Time : 4 Hours

*The questions are of equal value.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.***Answer any six questions.**

1. Analyse the relations between India and Tibet during British rule.
2. What were the social and economic reasons of the commercialisation of agriculture?
3. Write an essay on the rise of modern industries in India in the late nineteenth century.
4. How would you account for the rise of middle class in colonial India?
5. Do you think that the political participation of women in modern India led to their emancipation from the patriarchy?

[Turn over]

6. How would you interpret the growth of Indian nationalism?
7. Evaluate the non-cooperation movement under the leadership of Gandhi.
8. Trace the development of left politics in India up to 1947.
9. Assess the contribution of INA under the leadership of Subhas Chandra Bose to India's struggle for independence.
10. Was there any difference among the Indian leaders on their visions of new India?
11. Was the partition of India inevitable?
12. Analyse the foreign policy of independent India with special reference to non-align movement.

2014

Subject : History (DODL)

Paper: IV

Time: 4 Hours

Full Marks: 90

*The figures in the margin indicate full Marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.**Answer any six questions.*

1. Examine the British government's relations with princely states in post 1858 era. 15
 2. What changes in Indian economy took place due to commercialisation of agriculture? 15
 3. How would you account for the rise of the working class in both formal and informal sectors in India? 15
 4. In what ways colonial intervention was responsible for social change in India? 15
 5. Do you think that the women were benefitted by the reform legislation in colonial India? 15
 6. How would you describe different approaches to Indian nationalism? 15
 7. Make an assessment of the contribution of the revolutionary movement in the Indian freedom struggle. 15
 8. Critically review the working of post 1937 Congress Provincial Ministries. 15
 9. Examine the nature of the Quit India Movement. 15
 10. Trace the development of communalism in India between 1906 and 1947. 15
 11. What were the basic tenets of India's planned economy during Nehru era? 15
 12. Critically review the science policy of independent India. 15
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34(D)

M.A./Pt.-I/HIS/P-IV/DODL/15

2015

HISTORY

Paper : IV

Full Marks : 90

Time : 4 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer any six questions.

1. Do you consider that the Act of 1892 was better than the Council Act of 1861 in respect of the Indian interest? 15
2. Analyse the Afghan policy of the British rulers in India during the nineteenth century. 15
3. What do you understand by 'Drain of Wealth'? Explain its phases. 5+10
4. Write a brief review on the development of modern industries in colonial India. 15
5. Trace the trend of population increase during British rule in India. 15
6. How would you explain the rise of middle class in colonial India? 15

[Turn over]

7. Comment on the complexity of relationship between tradition and modernity in respect of colonial India. 15
8. How would you characterize the activities of the Indian National Congress during the first two decades of its existence? 15
9. Analyse the background of Civil Disobedience movement. 15
10. Trace the development of left movement in India till independence. 15
11. Evaluate the role played by Subhas Chandra Bose in India's struggle for independence. 15
12. Critically analyse the foreign policy of India during the prime ministership of Jawaharlal Nehru. 15

2016

HISTORY**Paper : IV**

Full Marks : 90

Time : 4 Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.***Answer any six questions.**

1. Analyse the Indo-Burmese relations in the post-Mutiny period. 15
2. How did the colonial rulers formulate their policy of currency after 1858? 15
3. What do you mean by 'commercialization of agriculture'? What was its impact on rural economy in colonial India? 5+10
4. Trace the growth of the working class in post-Mutiny India. 15
5. Discuss the various trends of the Swadeshi Movement in Bengal. What were its limitations? 9+6

6. How could you explain the steady rise of Gandhiji as a mass leader of India? 15
7. Evaluate the Quit India Movement of 1942. 15
8. Do you think that the political participation of women in modern India contributed much to their emancipation? 15
9. How would you explain the growth of communalism in Indian politics between 1906 and 1947? 15
10. Assess various aspects of planned economy of post-colonial India till 1964. 15
11. Was the partition of India inevitable? 15
12. How were the Princely States integrated to the Indian State after independence? 15

16(D)

M.A/Pt-I/HIST/P-IV/DODL/17

2017

HISTORY

Paper : IV

Full Marks : 90

Time : 4 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer any six questions.

1. How far was Lord Lytton responsible for the outbreak of the Second Anglo-Afghan War? 15
2. Do you notice any radical change in the relations between the British and Indian princes after the Revolt of 1857? 15
3. How far did the colonial tenancy legislations affect the rural economy of India during the second half of the 19th century? 15
4. How did indigenous industries develop in India between 1858 and 1905? Do you notice any difference between Bengal and Gujarat in this respect? 15

[Turn over]

5. What led to the growth of the middle class in India? Analyse in this context the roots of middle class discontent in India during the second half of the 19th century. 7+8
6. Do you think that the growth of women's education brought about any significant change in the social condition of women in colonial India? 15
7. How did the Cambridge school of historians interpret Indian nationalism? 15
8. Trace the growth of the revolutionary movement in India till the end of the First World War. 15
9. Bring out the main points of difference between the Non-Cooperation and Civil Disobedience Movements. 15
10. Review the key trends of working class movement in India during the first half of the 20th century. 15
11. Evaluate the role of Subhas Chandra Bose in India's freedom struggle. 15
12. Evaluate the salient features of India's foreign policy from 1947 to 1964. 15